Deepwater Horizon MC252 Gulf Incident Oil Budget

Synopsis: In collaboration with the USCG, NOAA, and NIST, the USGS has developed a Web application, known as Deepwater Horizon MC252 Gulf Incident Oil Budget, that allows comprehensive tracking and graphical display of the daily and cumulative oil budget in the Gulf.

Since the April 20, 2010, blowout and explosion on the Deepwater Horizon offshore oildrilling rig, the U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) has been actively involved with the National Incident Command Center, helping to inform decisions in response to the ensuing oil spill. The USGS is collaborating with the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration (NOAA), U.S. Coast Guard (USCG), and the National Institute of Standards and Technology (NIST) to provide scientific and technical expertise to aid the oil spill management and recovery effort. In particular, USGS science staff participate in a Flow Rate Technical Group established and led by the USGS Director, Dr. Marcia McNutt, to inculate the discharge rates and calculate an overall mass balance of oil given different ministion and cleanup methods.

The USGS developed a Web application, known as Deep MC252 Gulf Incident ater Horizo Oil Budget, to track the discharged oil and results of osequent proces s that affect oil volumes in the Gulf. Secure Web architecture and apid ar ication development process. instituted for other Web-based applications used by scientists, was used to construct cted and maintained by the USCG. the Oil Budget application, synthesizing information co The application offers a basic user interfac aily data try and reporting, allowing rapid visualization of oil volumes in the Gul

USGS, NOAA, NIST, and USCG scientist and log trics personnel collaborate to ensure that the oil tracking application surports ab plute doe integrity, comprehensive data entry and management, and simple Weinccess of injecting, the need for specialized software. The application allows:

- National Invitent Contiand , resonnel to input daily variables;
- Scientific: poprt staff tredit the computing program for the Oil Budget Model as improved in mation by omes available;
- Dynamic creative of graphs showing modeled low flow rate/maximum removal and high flow rate/min cam removal scenarios;
- Incorporation of succinct descriptions, including assumptions and factors used for calculations such as amount of oil burned, skimmed, or remained unaffected, in the online application and printed reports; and
- Generation of executive summaries, showing the most up-to-date calculated daily and cumulative values.

The USGS team continues to provide technical support and introduce incremental improvements to the Oil Budget tool as new information becomes available and desired capabilities are identified. Based on the rapid response to this incident, the USGS is poised to apply extensive scientific and technical expertise to benefit other environmental emergencies.